

# Electricity in the home



Electricity Meter

This is used to measure the number of electricity "units" used over a period of time.

1 unit = 1 kWh  
"kilowatt hour"

1 unit costs  $\approx 17c$ \*

\* this is roughly right Jan. 2014



Power Rating = 2000 W  
= 2 kW

Running for 16 hours - how much electricity does it use.

$$\text{kWh} = \frac{\text{Power (kW)}}{\text{Time (h)}} = 2(16) = 32 \text{ kWh}$$

or (32 units)

1 unit = 17c

$$\text{Cost of Running heater} = (17)(32) = 544c = \text{€}5.44$$

What appliances use a lot of electricity?

### What can one unit buy you?

Appliance	
✗ Instantaneous electrical shower	7 - 10 mins
✗ Immersion water heater	15 - 20 mins
✗ Cooker (1 large ring)	20 - 40 mins
✗ Kettle	
✗ Tumble dryer	
Toaster (2 slices)	40 - 60 mins
Washing machine	70 - 100 mins
Dishwasher	
Desktop computer (including monitor)	4 - 6 hours
TV 28" (71cm)	7 - 9 hours
100 watt ordinary light bulb	10 hours
20 watt energy saving (CFL) light bulb	50 hours

These figures give an average usage guide. Actual usage will depend on the age and efficiency of appliances.

Cost of using 6 bulbs for 5 hours?



X 6 lights on for 5 hours

$$60 \times 6 = 360 \text{ W in total}$$

$$360 \text{ W} = \frac{360}{1000} \text{ kW} = 0.36 \text{ kW}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Units in 5 hrs} = \text{Power} \times \text{Time} = (0.36)(5) = 1.8 \text{ kWh}$$

each unit = 17c

$$\text{cost} = 1.8(17) = 30.6 \approx \text{€}0.31$$

## HW Question

(b) Appliances vary in the amount of electricity they use depending on their power rating. A tumble drier has a high power rating of 2.5 kW.

(i) Name another appliance found in the home that has a high power rating.

(ii) Name an appliance found in the home that has a low power rating.

The ESB charges for electricity at a rate of 12 cent per kW h. A tumble drier of power rating 2.5 kW is used for 2 hours each week for 4 weeks.

(iii) How many units of electricity are used?

(iv) What is the cost, in cent, of using the tumble drier?

(JC, OL, 2006)

▲ Fig 43.15



▲ Fig 43.16